

Stratham Planning Board Meeting Minutes

December 2, 2015

Municipal Center, Hutton Meeting Room

10 Bunker Hill Avenue

Time: 7:00 PM

Mike Houghton, Chairman

Nancy Ober, Alternate

Tom House, Full Member

Christopher Merrick, Alternate

Bob Baskerville, Vice Chairman

David Canada, Selectmen's Representative

Jameson Paine, Member, Planning Board

Glenn Coppelman, Interim Town Planner

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Members Present:

Members Absent:

Staff Present:

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1. Call to Order/Roll Call.

26 The Chairman took roll call and asked Ms. Ober to be a full voting member in place of Mr. 27 House. Ms. Ober agreed.

28 2. Review/Approval of Meeting Minutes.

- a. November 4, 2015
- Mr. Paine made a motion to approve the meeting minutes for November 4, 2015. 30 31 Motion seconded by Mr. Canada. Motion carried with the note Ms. Ober was not 32 present for the November 4 meeting.
- 33 b. November 18, 2015
- 34 The Chairman recommended tabling the November 18 minutes and provide Ms. Cutler 35 with any feedback if necessary.

36 2. Public Hearing(s).

37 a. Verizon Wireless, represented by McLane Law Firm, 900 Elm Street, Manchester, NH 03101 for the property located at 28 Bunker Hill Avenue, Tax Map 9 Lot 51. 38 Conditional Use Permit application, Site Plan Review Application, and Special 39 40 Exception Permit application pursuant to Sections 19.4.2 and 19.7 of the Stratham Zoning Ordinance to construct a 90' tall monopole wireless service facility, associated 41

antennas and cabling, and installation of ground based telecommunications equipment and fencing. (*Requested continuance from November 18, 2015*).

 Mr. Tom Hildreth, attorney for Verizon Wireless took the floor. He summed up what happened at the previous meeting and reminded the Board that D.O.T. had requested formal engineered plans of the proposed driveway including conformance with the required 400' sight distance from right to left. The D.O.T. have not yet made a decision. Since the last meeting their civil engineers, Dewberry Engineers were at the site on October 27, 2015 and met with Mr. Hutton to do the necessary survey work. They requested a continuance from the November 18, 2015 meeting as their storm water management plan was not ready. They have that now.

Mr. Hildreth talked about the access point. He said they are proposing a gate and a 15' wide gravel surface driveway positioned roughly in the center of the 50' wide right of way. He continued that discussions have been happening between Mr. Karon, attorney for Mr. and Mrs. Foss, the Town and D.O.T. concerning this driveway. One thought is to make this new access point exclusively for the town parcel where the tower will be located; this would untangle the issue with the Foss's and their driveway.

Mr. Hildreth talked about the 150 days clock that requires municipal action within that time and the State statute that says there should be action within 90 days of acceptance of the application. One of those has been passed already and the next deadline is fast approaching. He said they are willing to extend those deadlines especially as they have to wait for Town Meeting vote on this anyway. Mr. Hildreth said that as yet the fire department, DPW or police have not seen the new driveway as they haven't had time to do that.

Mr. Houghton asked if the applicant would be talking them through the new driveway plans. Mr. Merrill, engineer said he had met and spoken with Mr. Hutton about the onsite conditions. He said it would have a 15% grade and would intersect Mr. Hutton's driveway and follow most of the contours of the existing drive. Mr. Paine asked if this would be a permanent driveway. Mr. Merrill said it wouldn't work because of the gravel and the flow, but it will be totally fine if used only once or twice a month. Ms. Ober asked if the resident in the Town property at the top of the hill would be using this new driveway or continue to use the Foss's driveway. Mr. Hildreth said based on discussion, the resident would use the newly created driveway.

Mr. Merrill said that building this driveway will involve cut and fill which will increase the further up the hill they build. There is a walking path that goes through the same area so that may be affected. The driveway will be steeper than 15% in some areas. He addressed the storm water next; the watershed goes back to the existing house on top of the hill and from that entire watershed, the soil type is "C" which means water doesn't flow through that soil very easily and this is why Mr. Hutton's driveway ends up with an inch or two of water when it rains. With that in mind, when they put in the gravel driveway it won't make a huge difference to the current situation; the water will still flow down to the street as it does now. Mr. Paine asked if they were proposing to build any structures to aid with the drainage where the driveway meets Bunker Hill Avenue. Mr. Merrill said not currently because there will be only a 3% increase in the total amount of water. There are other options, but they would have to use more land from

Mr. Hutton's property or use the Town land across the street. One other option would be to bring the water underneath the abutting driveway and down into the detention basement located next to Bittersweet Lane.

Mr. Baskerville said he wasn't too concerned about 3% increase in water, but the flow off the hill goes across the easement and eventually to a road side ditch along the side of the Foss driveway. When this driveway is created on the Hutton side, it will intercept that so it has to be brought down to a point discharge. Mr. Merrill said it will flow along and through the gravel; the slope of the hill generally slopes towards the Foss's driveway and so most of the water will permeate through. Mr. Baskerville said there were a couple of ditches shown on the plan. Mr. Merrill said they were intending to put gravel in those. Mr. Paine asked who would be maintaining this drive. Mr. Hildreth said it would be sorted out in the lease agreement between the Town and Verizon Wireless. Mr. Paine asked if they had an expectation when a determination will be made as to whether this will be a limited use driveway or full time road. Mr. Hildreth said it is probably a matter of days or weeks at this point.

Mr. Baskerville asked if the drainage report had been sent to Civilworks; he thinks it would be a good idea. He advised a closer look at the drainage and pointed out that in New Hampshire silt fences are required rather than hay bales as shown on the plan. Mr. Coppelman asked if the Board was comfortable with a plan that is planning to increase the water flow and not maintain and treat it on site. Mr. Baskerville said it did need to be treated, but he would need to look at the Town regulations about the increase issue. He thinks that they are usually OK as long as it's been reviewed by Civilworks. Mr. Coppelman said he would check the regulations. Mr. Baskerville added that this should be done properly. Mr. Houghton suggested the applicant's plan be sent to Civilworks for review.

Mr. Fred Hutton, abutter said he helped with the design for Bittersweet and said when it rains it comes down the hill onto the trail in between some apple trees. If this driveway goes in, he would like to see at least 200' of pavement from Bunker Hill Avenue in. He has put in a brand new driveway and he knows the edges will start to break down if construction vehicles go across it. He thinks the drainage could be controlled a little better if there was some asphalt part way in. He loses part of his garden spot also which he has an easement for.

Mr. Coppelman read out Section 5.3 from the Site Plan regulations concerning storm water drainage. Mr. Houghton said the applicant should take another look at the drainage.

Mr. Whitney Saidler, 7 Emery Lane and developer of the Bunker Hill subdivision said it was hard getting the trails in and informed everybody that he and Ms. Alexis Makris still own the rest of the land, they own the drainage ditches and they definitely would not allow anybody to connect to their ditches or have their water run off on to their property. Mr. Saidler continued that they had given Mr. Hutton a right of way across and they had control of all the land at one point.

Mr. Karon, attorney for Mr. and Mrs. Foss said he had communicated directly with D.O.T. about the access way. In the course of that discussion, he came up with the suggestion that the Town give up its easement on the Foss's land that it uses presently

and instead turn this old easement into a permanent access to the lot. He asked D.O.T. for its opinion. The person from D.O.T. asked Mr. Karon to send the old plans with the easements. Mr. Karon said their hope is that the Town will agree to use this dead easement as the driveway to its property and relinquish the easement to the Foss's driveway. Mr. Paine said that he is currently seeing 3 different entries onto Bunker Hill Avenue in that area and Mr. Karon is on about combining 2 into 1. There is an easement for Mr. Hutton to access over to Bittersweet Lane. Instead of combining them or having multiple drives in the one spot, could those 2 driveways go into Bittersweet and use that. Mr. Karon said the reason there is an easement cutting across the Foss driveway to Bittersweet would come into effect if ever there was an intensification of use and that was done because in the preliminary Makris plans it was discovered that the Foss driveway had to stay straight.

Mr. Deschaine said he had heard about this proposal first thing this morning from the Town's Counsel Kevin Bond so there hasn't been a conversation yet, but if one develops, the Town will listen.

Ms. Melda Ormeci Matoglu, abutter addressed the issue of the driveway concerning maintenance. Verizon Wireless has already said they are not going to plow it during winter and she wonders how an emergency will be handled. She feels that this is an important issue. Mr. Canada said emergency vehicles will use the Foss driveway if necessary.

Mr. Houghton said that as part of the review process they get feedback from the emergency management community. It is a little difficult without knowing what the access is going to be at this moment in time, but he is sure they can look at different scenarios and get an idea of what that will look like.

Ms. Matoglu referred to a FCC ruling that an existing tower can be extended up to 20' without any further approval from the Town. Mr. Canada asked if that was a proposed rule rather than an existing one. Ms. Matoglu said it is existing and when she spoke to Mr. Daley he confirmed that. Mr. Houghton asked Mr. Coppelman if he could check on whether it is a proposed ruling or a current rule. Mr. Hildreth said the rule is in effect and is a statute from 2012. It is not an automatic extension, but it creates a category of proposed modification of an existing wireless communication facility that is called an eligible facility's request. If the proposed modification falls within the definition of the rule then the reviewing municipality is supposed to approve those There are 6 – 8 different specific requirements to qualify as an eligible A future applicant would have to prove they meet those criteria. Mr. Baskerville inquired if it was up to 20'. Mr. Hildreth read from the regulation; "for towers outside the public right of way an increase in the height of the tower by more than 10% or by the height of one additional antenna array with separation from the nearest existing antennas, not to exceed 20', whatever is greater." He continued that typically antennas are separated by 10' so for this tower if another applicant wanted an antenna adding to this, it would not put it outside of the facility eligibility request.

Ms. Matoglu said she'd like to remind everybody that with the top of the mono pine, the tree would be at about 95' so the extension would be higher than the allowed 20'.

Another abutter commented that now a lot of the leaves have fallen off, they can see up the hill. She feels the Board should consider whether there should be another balloon test that shows the impact during the fall and the winter.

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Mr. Houghton summarized by saying the Board still needs more information on storm water and drainage and a resolution to the access. He said the applicant should work really hard at trying to prevent any additional run off and to talk with Civilworks. There should be some dialogue with emergency personnel in town and to lay out different scenarios. Mr. Coppelman checked with Mr. Hildreth that by continuing the application, the applicant was giving permission to extend the time deadlines. Mr. Hildreth confirmed that he was.

An abutter made an observation that the engineer Mr. Merrill had said when first seeing the proposed driveway and easement that he didn't think it would work at all and has said tonight it will be suitable if used only once or twice a month. If this driveway does become the main access to the Town's property, there will be a significant increase in use. Mr. Merrill said he hadn't looked into that yet.

Mr. Baskerville made a motion to continue the hearing to January 20, 2016. Motion seconded by Ms. Ober. Motion carried unanimously.

Mr. Houghton pointed out the fact to the Board members that there was an abutter's petition which he would like them to study as they will need to go through it item by item at the January 20, 2016 meeting.

b. John Reiss, 16 Emery Lane, Stratham, NH 03885 for the properties located at 97 Portsmouth Avenue, Tax Map 13 Lot 37 and 16 Emery Lane, Tax Map 13 Lot 38. Subdivision application to create a 1 Lot Subdivision and Lot Line Adjustment. (Requested continuance from November 4, 2015).

Mr. Bruce Scamman, Emmanuel Engineering introduced himself as representing the applicant John Reiss. Last time they were before the board there had been discussion about the width of the driveway which would lead down to the access for the 2 lots and the turnaround area. They have listened to the input from the Board, staff and the Fire Chief and have changed things to reflect that. The driveway will have a 24' entrance that will taper off after the first 50'. At the last meeting the Board wanted a 20' wide driveway; the applicant was hoping for something less wide. Mr. Scamman spoke with Chief Rob Cook whose biggest concern was firetrucks having to back all the way down the driveway and onto Portsmouth Avenue in order to leave the site should the width be 12' as originally requested. When Mr. Scamman met with Fire Chief Cook he said what he would really like is a turnaround area. Mr. Scamman said they have proposed a "U" shaped area so the truck can back up, turn around and then leave. He referred back to the driveway saying they are proposing that the pavement goes to the end of the taper where it will then become an 18' wide gravel driveway and then it will split into 12' driveways to the lots. At this point the applicant would like to know if the Planning Board likes this idea.

Mr. Coppelman said one of the concerns was if only part of the drive was to be paved, how good the storm water management would be. Mr. Scamman talked about using gravel for the majority of the driveway pointing out it would be better for the

environment. Mr. Canada asked if some fill would be put in at the entrance so it is not quite so steep. Mr. Scamman said they have designed it to meet the Town's requirements for slope of 6% so there will be up to 6' of fill in places. Mr. Paine asked if the front lot is going to stay the same for now. Mr. Scamman said it would, but they are going to retain the right to have access to it for future planning purposes. Mr. Paine asked if the roadway would be a private one to be maintained by an association. Mr. Scamman said it would be.

 Mr. Coppelman asked Mr. Scamman if documentation would be presented showing documentation that would outline the maintenance. Mr. Scamman said they are waiting at the moment until they have an answer on the road. If they have to go back to a full road, they would look at having more lots to help pay the cost of the road. Mr. Baskerville asked if the turnaround for the firetruck was in the hammerhead of the private road. Mr. Scamman said it wasn't and they are talking about putting it right at the end of the existing 4 acre lot so if that ever becomes another lot, this would be a spot that could be used for an access to the back of the lot. Mr. Baskerville said he thinks they will have to put it in the right of way of the private road. Mr. Scamman said they intend to keep the hammerhead so they meet Town specifications for the design of a road so if it ever needs to become a public road, there is the ability to put a full hammerhead in.

Mr. Canada said he thinks this is the most minimally invasive design they could have come up with and if the Board agrees he proposes they accept this driveway design. Mr. Houghton said he wanted to confirm they are talking about a shared driveway with a Portsmouth Avenue street address for the homes in the back. Mr. Scamman said that was his understanding.

Mr. Baskerville referred to another planning board case and said it would be good to put into the association documentation that lot Map 13 Lot 35 which abuts the driveway has the right to access the driveway. Mr. Scamman said that he believed that there is an old plan that shows a right of way to this property from Butterfield Lane. It would make more sense to put in a short road off of that right of way, but they were unable to locate the plan from the Town showing its existence. Mr. Baskerville asked if the wetland in the driveway would be completely filled. Mr. Scamman confirmed that it would. Mr. Scamman said he went to the Conservation Commission meeting 2 weeks ago and discussed it. It's 201 S.F. of wetland at the pipe outlet. Mr. Paine asked if anything would be affected by the storm water being pushed that much further. Mr. Scamman said they would be extending the pipe under the driveway with an 8" pipe to an existing ditch. Mr. Paine reminded Mr. Scamman that the last time he was before the Board, adjacent property owners had concerns with things such as headlights. Mr. Scamman said they are looking at addressing that and the turnaround they are suggesting will mean a lot less head lights. Mr. Paine asked about a D.O.T. permit. Mr. Scamman said they wanted to get the Board's approval on the driveway before applying.

Mr. Paul Deschaine, Town Administrator had 2 observations; he said the frontage requirements for this subdivision require to be a road of some fashion. He asked does it meet the minimum requirements of the subdivision regulations in terms of frontage and making those legal lots. He said he doesn't believe 911 really likes addresses such at

97R or a and b; a road name might be more appropriate especially if there is a potential for a third lot in the future. Mr. Scamman said Mr. Daley had looked at the frontage and there is over 200' on the right of way for both lots. Mr. Scamman said they don't mind if the roadway is named or not, but it is slightly confusing as realistically it is a split driveway. Mr. Baskerville said he thinks it should be named. He asked how much of the driveway would be paved. Mr. Scamman said a little over 100'. Mr. Baskerville asked if the Fire Chief was ok with the gravel component of the driveway. Mr. Scamman said he had discussed it with the Fire Chief and he is fine with it.

Mr. Houghton said he was generally supportive of the plan, but should it evolve into something else in the future, he would have to come back before the Board and with a higher standard for the road. Mr. Scamman said he was aware of that.

Mr. Scamman said they would be amending some of the waivers as the road had changed from the original version for when they come back. They would apply to the D.O.T. also.

Mr. Baskerville made a motion to continue the application to January 20, 2016. Motion seconded by Mr. Paine. Motion carried unanimously.

3. Public Meeting

a. Presentation: "Recommended Ordinance Revisions to Improve Wetlands Protection." By Horsley Witten Group

Mr. Rob Roseen from the Horsley Witten Group introduced himself. He explained that a grant had been provided to communities to update or revise their regulations to improve wetlands protection. He referred to the issues associated with the vernal pools as part of the recent Rollins Hill Development project and hopes these suggested changes will really help to streamline the process when dealing with those situations. There is currently a lot of discretion in the current site plan regulations under the natural features provision which allows essentially for protection of resources based on recommendations that will come out of the Conservation Commission or their designated experts. This is an opportunity to provide a more detailed list of what that would look like so planning resources will hopefully be saved. Mr. Roseen said they would go through 3 portions; fresh water wetlands, shore land and then vernal pools and palustrine exemplary natural communities such as white cedar swamps.

Ms. Ellie Baker introduced herself. She said one of the most effective ways to protect wetland resources is through the use of buffers so they are trying to enhance the existing overlay districts; there is one for wetland preservation and one for shore land protection. They are trying to improve the wetland protection but balance it out with private property rights. There is a lot of research available about how important wetlands and vernal pools are.

Ms. Baker started with fresh water wetlands and said the goal is to increase the fresh water wetland buffer to 100'. A buffer being a vegetative buffer strip and shouldn't be confused with setbacks. If wetlands are below 3,000 S.F. in area, they would have a small buffer of 25'. All of this applies to the residential community. In the commercial

and industrial mixed use districts, the buffer would be 75'. Once again if the buffer was under 3,000 S.F. in area, a 25' buffer would apply.

Ms. Baker said in the event that a grandfathered use is discontinued, the buffer would have to be restored to a naturally vegetative condition. A pre-existing non-conforming structure is allowed to continue to exist but it is not allowed to infringe any closer to a wetland buffer than it already does. Mr. Coppelman asked if that were to happen could someone apply for a variance. Ms. Baker said they could.

Mr. Paine asked what happens if a wetland covers an area that goes into a neighboring lot, but less than 3,000 S.F. of that wetland is on the property being developed, would the 25' buffer apply even though technically the wetland is bigger than 3,000 S.F. in totality. There followed some discussion on how to get around that. Mr. Houghton asked if going forward the Board will be asking applicants to document and measure wetlands on their plan submittals. Mr. Deschaine said all of those conditions need to be evaluated anyway, even today that is a requirement. Mr. Houghton said that relative to setbacks, yes, but not to the size of the wetlands. Mr. Roseen said the group will need to work out what to do should a wetland be contiguous.

Mr. Mark Stevens asked how the group arrived at 3,000 S.F. for a wetland. Mr. Baskerville said he was on the wetland committee and there was a lot of discussion about wetlands running the entire gambit from being really special to pretty good to OK to some with hardly any value. His understanding is that the Rockingham Planning Commission (RPC) had done a map of the Town showing available land left and there is very little land left to subdivide so putting a 100' buffer on all wetlands for existing homes would mean a lot of variance applications. There was a lot of debate about this. Ms. Alison Knab, Conversation Commission said the 3,000 S.F. was a compromise partially based on the State. Mr. Stevens asked if it wouldn't make more sense to have a setback predicated on the value of the wetland rather than a setback that is carte blanche to every wetland. Ms. Knab said if they do it by the size of wetlands it avoids disputes about the quality of the soils. Mr. Roseen said there are different classes of wetlands and reiterated that the 3,000 S.F. did come from the State as that is what triggers the need for a dredge and fill permit. Mr. Stevens gave an example of a house on a 1 acre lot that has a 10' wide wetland strip that is more than 3,000 S.F. big. He argued that once the house is built, there is nowhere left in the back yard to put anything because of having to adhere to the 100' protective buffer. He doesn't feel that is being sensitive to property owner's right. Mr. Deschaine explained why it wouldn't be a problem. Mr. Tim Mason said that people would have to go before the ZBA and seek relief. He asked if the hardship would be that the Town has introduced this new regulation and would everybody automatically qualify for relief.

Ms. Baker continued with the presentation. She recommended the Board look at the subdivision regulations as there is some existing language in there that gives the Board the ability to require an extra buffer.

Ms. Baker talked about shore land buffers and said they are recommending 100' vegetative buffer be required which would be larger than what is currently required. That would apply to all districts in Town.

Ms. Baker moved to vernal pools and palustrine exemplary natural communities. She explained that the State maintains a list of natural communities town by town. If a community is on the list, it needs to be regulated; she gave the white cedar swamps in Stratham as an example.

There are 2 options being proposed for vernal pools; a uniform buffer of 150' vegetative buffer around the vernal pool. Originally they were proposing 250', but during discussion with other parties it has been reduced. The other option would be a directional buffer which comes from guidance from the Army Corps of Engineers. This would require some input from a wetlands scientist. The idea of this is to free up more space in a project area as it won't have such an impact on the critters using that vernal pool. A directional buffer would be defined to connect the vernal pool with another resource area with a minimum buffer on the far side of 100'. That whole area would be vegetated and an undisturbed natural area. Within the 250' set back area certain development would be allowed, but there would be restrictions on what can happen and how that development occurs; impervious cover cannot be more than 10% of the 250' setback area and no connected pervious cover so it's all disconnected and going back into the ground. There would be restrictions on the use of pesticides and fertilizer. If there was to be a lawn placed in the 250' area, it would have to be augmented with loam. Native and non-invasive plants would be required and there would be a restriction on the use of chloride and de-icing chemicals. Roadways aren't restricted per se, but this restriction for chloride and de-icing would apply. If lighting is necessary, that would have to be low spillage lighting and there should be critter crossing signage too.

For the palustrine exemplary natural communities, the options are similar to the vernal pool options. It's a simple 150' vegetative buffer or a 100' no alteration buffer and a 250' setback with the same restrictions applied to vernal pools. Within both of these the group has included the need for some type of visual demarcation of the wetland buffer so that it gets protected. If either of these 2 categories are under 300 S.F., then it receives a 25' buffer and if it falls within the commercial/industrial mixed use districts, it will be treated as a regular wetland, the 3,000 S.F. regulation applies.

In addition the group has proposed an increase in the septic systems setback to a 100'.

Mr. Mason asked why a vernal pool is not considered as valuable in a commercial/industrial mixed use zone as in a residential zone. Mr. Roseen said it is simply a feasibility issue recognizing that when a new regulation is introduced there will be challenges and a secondary reason is that most of the wetlands in those areas are probably impacted already. Mr. Mason said when somebody has saved their land for 30 or 40 years and they decide they want to develop it, it becomes an economic impact for those folks also; he feels there shouldn't be any discrimination. Mr. Roseen suggested holding a workshop to discuss this issue. He doesn't think that adding these regulations are necessarily a negative impact; it drives a certain type of development rather than prohibit development. He added that there is evidence proving that more than 5% impervious cover has an impact on aquatic habitat. By the time you are at 25% the streams will be non-supporting and acting like drainage ditches. The Town of Stratham is nearly at 16%; in a period of 30 years the Town has gone from 5% to 15%.

Mr. Mason said for the record that he found it sad that there were only 15 people in this room that care about what is a really important topic.

 Mr. Fred Emmanuel, resident said he thinks these regulations are too stiff and the Town doesn't need more regulations for this. When homeowners come in and say they need a variance because they don't meet the wetland setbacks they are very grumpy, they hate to spend the money and it is very costly for them. Present day regulations are stiff enough. Mr. Emmanuel asked if the Town has a problem with wetlands and said he had noticed in the proposed chart that the professional/residential district was included for the vernal pools. If he has 18 vernal pools, the professional residential district is wiped out. That is a big impact.

Mr. Baskerville said determining the value of a wetland is a hazy affair and these changes are trying to avoid that. Mr. Emmanuel said everybody thinks a 100' is insignificant, but if you draw a circle or a square and count the square feet and how that can impact a 1 acre lot or 50 acres; it is a huge impact.

Mr. Roger Groux, business owner said what if there was a zoning change that threw the car dealerships into pre-existing non-conforming status, under these provisions; if he sold the property, he would have to pull back the parking lot. Mr. Roseen said only if the use changes. Mr. Groux said he meant if the use changed. He served on the Gateway Committee and feels a lot of this conflicts with what they were trying to achieve with that, which is based on getting water and sewer and developing more of the Gateway area. The septic change will have a big impact too. Mr. Roseen said if a site needed to be rebuilt it could be and you can even expand non-conforming structures in the Gateway district by 20% without obtaining a permit. Mr. Groux said with these changes they would have to pull back their impervious coverage if the use changes. Mr. Roseen said it is no different to form based code which drives the shape and the look of new properties within that district. The whole point of the form based code is to lose the big parking lots and create a Town Center feel style down there. Mr. Paine added that any proposed project in that district would have to incorporate some open space, green space and perhaps some of that could be incorporated or counted as some of that open space/green area if it's adjacent to a wetlands area.

Mr. Houghton said he believes they should be thinking of ways to protect shore lands, vernal pools, and palustrine exemplary natural communities and do it in a responsible manner. He thinks more time needs to be spent on vetting and thinking through unintended consequences because the Town will be diminishing some property values as Mr. Groux said.

Mr. Canada said before the Board can really consider these changes, we need to see exactly what we're talking about; where those vernal pools and wetlands are for example. Ms. Baker said they don't have that information and it would be great to have it. Mr. Canada said they were able to make the current regulations work for the Rollins Hill Development and the applicant worked with the Board. Ms. Baker said that doesn't apply in every situation, but the other thing is that wetlands are very important for the eco system, very important for water resources, drinking water, coastal resources and the environment for this town. Buffers are very important for protecting wetlands and when there are no buffers, even by protecting the wetlands themselves,

there are extreme impacts to the wetlands. She stressed this document is the result of a lot of work by the group and other members in the community they have reached out to.

Mr. Bruce Scamman, resident referred to buffers being in a vegetative state and said would people who have lawns near a wetlands need a variance because lawns aren't considered a vegetative state. Mr. Roseen said only if the use changes. Mr. Mason asked if you could expand your lawn if these new regulations come into effect. Mr. Roseen said that was correct. Mr. Scamman asked if his brother who owns the Agway was to put in a law office which would be a change in use, would he have to remove his back driveway, leach field or anything else which is currently in the suggested buffer. Miss. Baker said they are referring to major changes in use. They can work on the wording. Mr. Roseen said that if a law office was added to the existing business that would still be categorized as a mixed use. Mr. Scamman said the way it reads to him is that they would have to come into compliance with the regulations if his brother added a legal use.

Mr. Canada asked Mr. Roseen what his definition is for a change of use. Mr. Roseen said it was intended that the uses are defined along with the districts. He said if a change happens in the residential/agricultural district, but it is still of a residential/agricultural nature, it isn't a change of use. Mr. Baskerville said there is a lot of wording to work out in the workshop of when you increase the setback, you have got a use there that is conforming now; the use is conforming, but now the septic and parking lot becomes non-conforming.

Mr. Scamman pointed to a parcel his brother owns that is 55 acres and mostly residential/agricultural. It has around 2,000 - 4,000 S.F. along the edge of it. With a 100' setback you lose somewhere between 20 - 40 acres out of the 55 acres. That would have an impact on the value of his land. He has a stream and swales on there too. Mr. Paine said with that you would look for more innovative developments like cluster development.

Ms. Breslin, resident agrees that a lot more work needs to go into these regulations. Herself and her family own land in town and there will come a time when they will want to sell it for development so these regulations could affect the value of their land.

Mr. Larry Foss, resident said he's like to commend everybody for trying to take care of the environment. He said we have rules and regulations already, but nobody seems to follow up on them to see if they are being adhered to. He cited the Makris Development as an example of where the regulations hadn't been followed entirely.

Mr. Stevens said it would be helpful if all the conversation land that the conservation commission has bought and all the land that the Nature Conservancy owns was laid onto the map of Stratham.

Mr. Scamman said it would be nice too to see an economic analysis of what is being taken away and what is being gained. Mr. Deschaine said he agreed with Mr. Scamman's thoughts, but things will still need to be done to keep water quality at a good grade.

Mr. Houghton said he thinks a lot of great work has been done by the group. He cited the Rollins Hill Development application adding that he thinks it's added a new

- standard in terms of the way the Board deals with a lot of wetland issues in the Town.
- 2 He would like to know why the standards for residential are different to commercial so
- 3 that will need to be vetted further. He encouraged everybody to forward their ideas and
- 4 feedback to Ms. Cutler.
- 5 Mr. Canada said he'd like to respectfully disagree as he believes Rollins Hill 6 Development worked because of the current regulations. It was a unique situation and 7 to try and paint every single application with the same brush, isn't going to work and he 8 feels that is the problem with these suggested regulations; there is no differentiation 9 between qualities of wetlands. Mr. Houghton feels that items 2, 3 and 4 address the quality of wetlands. Mr. Paine said he agreed with Mr. Houghton and observed that the 10 developer for Rollins Hills Development worked with the Board but the next developer 11 12 might not be as willing with mitigation measures.
- Mr. Houghton asked Mr. Roseen to inform everybody in the room via their emails when the next workshop on this will be. Ms. Knab said she is not sure that having 20 people in a room is the best way to get things done. Mr. Roseen disagreed and said as long as it's well facilitated it would be good.
- Mr. Mason feels this is being rushed. He thinks seeing the study that shows developable and undevelopable land in Stratham would be a great help. Ms. Knab said there is a financial component to this; they are working with a grant. Mr. Mason said they shouldn't be held hostage as this is very important.
- 21 Mr. Roseen thanked everybody for their input.
- As an aside Mr. Coppelman shared his experience in Kingston and said these regulations should not be rushed. As for the money, it won't be wasted because the work has been done and can still be used if this article didn't make the Town Meeting in March 2016.

26 4. Miscellaneous.

- There were no miscellaneous items to report.
- 28 5. Adjournment.
- Mr. Baskerville made a motion to adjourn at 10:07 pm. Motion seconded by Ms. Ober.
- 30 Motion carried unanimously.